Answer Key: CIS 166 Final Exam, Version 3, Spring 2015

```
1. What will the following code print:
  s = "haskell::curry::utrecht::glasgow"
  a = s[0:3]
  print(a.upper())
  names = s.split("::")
  print(names)
  b,c,d = names[1],names[2],names[3]
  print(c,d)
  print(a[0]+b.upper(), "versions:")
  print(c.title(),d.capitalize())
  print('main = putStrLn "', names[0],'"')
  Answer Key:
  ['haskell', 'curry', 'utrecht', 'glasgow']
  utrecht glasgow
  hCURRY
  versions: Utrecht Glasgow
  main = putStrLn " haskell "
```

2. Write a **complete program** to calculate how much something will weigh on Jupiter. Your program should prompt the user for the weight on the Earth and then print out the weight on Jupiter. For example, if the user enters 100, your program should print out 254.

The weight of an item on Jupiter is 254% of its weight on earth.

Answer Key:

```
#Computes weights on Jupiter
def main():
    earthWeight = eval(input('Enter earth weight: '))
    jupiterWeight = earthWeight*2.54
    print('The weight on Jupiter is:', jupiterWeight)
main()
```

3. What is output of the code below:

```
def prob4(paul, john):
                                           def helper(ringo,george):
     if paul > 2:
                                                s = ""
          print("Easy case")
                                                for j in range(ringo):
          yoko = -1
                                                     print(j, ": ", george[j])
                                                     if j % 2 == 0:
     else:
          print("Complex case")
                                                          s = s + george[j]
          yoko = helper(paul, john)
                                                          print("Building s:", s)
     return(yoko)
                                                return(s)
```

Output:

```
(a) r = prob4(6,"city") print("Return: ", r)
                                                      Answer Key:
                                                      Small case
                                                      Return: -1
                                                      Output:
                                                      Answer Key:
(b) r = prob4(2,"university")
print("Return: ", r)
                                                      Complex case
                                                      0 : u
                                                      Building s: u
                                                      1 : n
                                                      Return: u
                                                      Output:
                                                      Answer Key:
                                                      Complex case
(c) r = prob4(4,"new york")
print("Return: ", r)
                                                      0: n
                                                      Building s: n
                                                      1 : e
                                                      2 : w
                                                      Building s: nw
                                                      3:
                                                      Return: nw
```

4. Given the following program and input file, what is printed:

```
def prob5V1():
    c = 0
    infile=open("places.txt","r")
    for line in infile.readlines():
        if len(line)>9:
            print("Long Line: ", end ="")
            c = c+1
        print(line)
        print("Num long lines is", c)
```

places.txt

Santo Domingo Santiago San Cristobal Puerta Plata La Vega La Altagracia

Output:

Answer Key:

Long Line: Santo Domingo

Santiago

Long Line: San Cristobal

Long Line: Puerta Plata

La Vega

Long Line: La Altagracia

Num long lines is 4

5. (a) Write a function that takes number between 1 and 7 as a parameter and returns the corresponding number as a string. For example, if the parameter is 1, your function should return "one". If the parameter is 2, your function should "two", etc. If the parameter is not between 1 and 7, your function should return the empty string.

Answer Key:

```
def returnNumString(num):
    if num == 1:
        return "one"
    elif num == 2:
        return "two"
    elif num == 3:
        return "three"
    elif num == 4:
        return "four"
    elif num == 5:
        return "five"
    elif num == 6:
        return "six"
    elif num == 7:
        return "seven"
    else:
        return -1
```

(b) Write a main() that allows the user to enter a number and calls your function to show that it works.

Answer Key:

```
#intro comment
def main():
    num = eval(input("Enter a number"))
    test1 = returnNumString(num)
```

```
print ("Testing my function:",num,"is", test1)
main()
```

6. Complete the following program, which sets up a graphics window and turtle, draws two squares to the window, and then prints a closing message and closes the graphics window when mouse is clicked. That is, write the functions setUp(), draw2Squares(), and conclusion():

```
import turtle
def main():
   w,t = setUp()
                    #sets up a graphics window and turtle
   draw2Squares(t) #draws 2 squares using the turtle
    conclusion(w)
                    #prints goodbye and closes window on click
main()
Answer Key:
def setUp():
   trey = turtle.Turtle()
   win = turtle.Screen()
   return(win,trey)
def draw2Squares(t):
    for i in range(4):
        t.forward(100)
        t.right(360/4)
   left(90)
    for i in range(4):
        t.forward(100)
        t.right(360/4)
def conclusion(w):
   print("Goodbye!")
    w.exitonclick()
```

7. (a) Write a **complete** program that prompts the user for a file name and prints the number of lines in the file.

Answer Key:

```
#some comments

def main():
    fileName = input('Enter file name: ')
    infile = open(fileName)
    data = infile.read()
    print("Number of lines:", data.count("\n"))
    infile.close()
```

(b) Write a **complete** program that prints the population stored in a data file. Your program should open the file, <code>cityData.csv</code> and sum the last values in each line. Note that the first line should not be used since it contains the column headers and not data. The data is separated by commas (","). Your program should print the running sum that you calculated.

cityData.csv:

Borough, County, Population Bronx, Bronx, 1385108 Brooklyn, Kings, 2504700 Manhattan, New York, 1585873 Queens, Queens, 2230722 Staten Island, Richmond, 468730

Answer Key:

```
#some comments

def main():
    sum = 0
    infile = open("population.csv")
    infile.readline()  #Ignore first line, since no numbers
    lines = infile.readlines()
    for 1 in lines:
        cells = l.split()
        sum = sum + eval(cells[2])

print("Total population:", sum)

infile.close()
```

- 8. Write the Python code for the algorithms below:
 - (a) getInput()
 Ask user for a positive number
 Until they enter a positive number
 Print error message
 Ask user for a positive number
 Return the positive number entered

Answer Key:

```
def getInput()
    x = int(eval('Enter an positive number: '))
    while x >= 0:
        print('Not an positive number!')
        x = int(eval('Enter an positive number: '))
    return(x)
```

(b) sort(ls)
 Set L to be the length of the list ls.
For i = 0,1,...,L-2:

```
For j = 0,1,...,L-2:

If ls[j] is bigger than ls[j+1], swap the values

Return the list, ls.
```

Answer Key:

9. In lab, we wrote a Tic-Tac-Toe program. Modify the program to stop the game when someone has won. Your program should check for a winner each move. Your program should continue playing until there is a winner or until all squares are filled.

Clearly mark your changes to the design below:

```
#Second Version of Tic-Tac-Toe
from turtle import *
def setUp():
   win, tic = Screen(), Turtle()
   tic.speed(10)
   win.setworldcoordinates(-0.5,-0.5,3.5, 3.5)
   for i in range(1,3):
       tic.up()
        tic.goto(0,i)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
   tic.left(90)
   for i in range(1,3):
       tic.up()
       tic.goto(i,0)
       tic.down()
       tic.forward(3)
   board = [["","",""],["","",""],["","",""]]
   return(win,tic,board)
def playGame(tic,board):
    for i in range(4):
        x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
       tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
       tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
       board[x][y] = "X"
        x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for O's move: "))
        tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
        tic.write("0",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
       board[x][y] = "0"
   x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
    tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
    tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
```

```
board[x][y] = "X"
def checkWinner(board):
   for x in range(3):
        if board[x][0] != "" and <math>(board[x][0] == board[x][1] == board[x][2]):
           return(board[x][0]) #we have a non-empty row that's identical
   for y in range(3):
        if board[0][y] != "" and (board[0][y] == board[1][y] == board[2][y]):
           return(board[0][y]) #we have a non-empty column that's identical
   if board[0][0] != "" and (board[0][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][2]):
       return(board[0][0])
   if board[2][0] != "" and (board[2][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
       return(board[2][0])
   return("No winner")
def main():
   \label{eq:win,tic,board} \mbox{ = setUp()} \quad \mbox{ \#Set up the window and game board}
                           #Ask the user for the moves and display
   playGame(tic,board)
   print("\nThe winner is", checkWinner(board)) #Check for winner
Answer Key:
#Second Version of Tic-Tac-Toe
from turtle import *
def setUp():
    win, tic = Screen(), Turtle()
    tic.speed(10)
    win.setworldcoordinates(-0.5,-0.5,3.5, 3.5)
    for i in range(1,3):
        tic.up()
        tic.goto(0,i)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
    tic.left(90)
    for i in range(1,3):
        tic.up()
        tic.goto(i,0)
        tic.down()
        tic.forward(3)
    board = [["","",""],["",""],["","",""]]
    return(win,tic,board)
def playGame(tic,board):
    numMoves = 0
                                                        ###ADDED
    while checkWinner == "No Winner" and numMoves < 9:###ADDED
        numMoves += 1
                                                        ###ADDED
        if numMoves % 2 == 0:
                                                        ###ADDED
             x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for X's move: "))
             tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
             tic.write("X",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
             board[x][y] = "X"
                                                        ###ADDED
        else:
             x,y = eval(input("Enter x, y coordinates for O's move: "))
             tic.goto(x+.25,y+.25)
```

```
tic.write("0",font=('Arial', 90, 'normal'))
            board[x][y] = "0"
    if checkWinner != "No Winner":
                                                    ###ADDED
       print("There was a winner!")
                                                    ###ADDED
                                                    ###ADDED
       print("Game Over: No winner!")
                                                    ###ADDED
def checkWinner(board):
    for x in range(3):
        if board[x][0] != "" and (board[x][0] == board[x][1] == board[x][2]):
            return(board[x][0]) #we have a non-empty row that's identical
    for y in range(3):
        if board[0][y] != "" and (board[0][y] == board[1][y] == board[2][y]):
            return(board[0][y]) #we have a non-empty column that's identical
    if board[0][0] != "" and (board[0][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][2]):
        return(board[0][0])
    if board[2][0] != "" and (board[2][0] == board[1][1] == board[2][0]):
       return(board[2][0])
   return("No winner")
def main():
    win, tic, board = setUp() #Set up the window and game board
   playGame(tic,board)
                             #Ask the user for the moves and display
    print("\nThe winner is", checkWinner(board)) #Check for winner
```

10. (a) In lab, we processed name data maintained by the Social Security Administration. Write a **function** that takes as input a string of Social Security Administration name data and returns the first letter of the name. For example, your function would return the number 'H' when given the first line of the sample file.

Here are some sample lines from the NY.txt file containing the data for New York State:

NY.txt

NYM1910Herbert,83 NYM1910Leo,80 NYM1910Andrew,79 NYM1910Ernest,79 NYM1910Milton,79

Answer Key:

```
#Function that extracts gender from the line:
def getFirstLetter(line):
    return(line[7])
```

(b) Write a **complete program** that uses your function above to count the overall number of entries for names beginning with 'A'. Your program should open the file NY.txt, keep a running total of the number of times the names start with 'A', and print the results.

Answer Key:

```
def main():
    infile = open("NY.txt", "r")
    countA = 0
    for line in infile:
```

```
if getFirstLetter(line) == 'A':
            countA = countA + 1
    print("Number of occurrences is:", countA)
main()
```